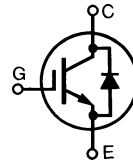


# HiPerFAST™ IGBT with Diode

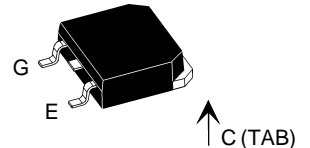
**IXGH 30N60BU1**  
**IXGT 30N60BU1**

**V<sub>CES</sub> = 600 V**  
**I<sub>C25</sub> = 60 A**  
**V<sub>CE(sat)</sub> = 1.8 V**  
**t<sub>fi</sub> = 100 ns**

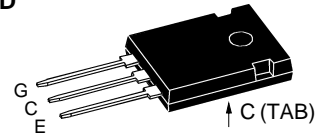


Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V <sub>CES</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C to 150°C	600	V
V <sub>CGR</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C to 150°C; R <sub>GE</sub> = 1 MΩ	600	V
V <sub>GES</sub>	Continuous	±20	V
V <sub>GEM</sub>	Transient	±30	V
I <sub>C25</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	60	A
I <sub>C110</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 110°C	30	A
I <sub>CM</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, 1 ms	120	A
<b>SSOA</b> <b>(RBSOA)</b>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125°C, R <sub>G</sub> = 33 Ω Clamped inductive load, L = 100 μH	I <sub>CM</sub> = 60 @ 0.8 V <sub>CES</sub>	A
P <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	200	W
T <sub>J</sub>		-55 ... +150	°C
T <sub>JM</sub>		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 ... +150	°C
Maximum Lead and Tab temperature for soldering 1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from case for 10 s		300	°C
M <sub>d</sub>	Mounting torque, TO-247 AD	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in.
Weight		TO-268	4 g
		TO-247 AD	6 g

**TO-268**  
**(IXGT)**



**TO-247 AD**



G = Gate,  
E = Emitter,

C = Collector,  
TAB = Collector

## Features

- International standard packages JEDEC TO-247 AD and surface mountable TO-268
- High frequency IGBT and antiparallel FRED in one package
- High current handling capability
- Newest generation HDMOS™ process
- MOS Gate turn-on - drive simplicity

## Applications

- AC motor speed control
- DC servo and robot drives
- DC choppers
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies

## Advantages

- Space savings (two devices in one package)
- High power density
- Optimized V<sub>CE(sat)</sub> and switching speeds for medium frequency applications

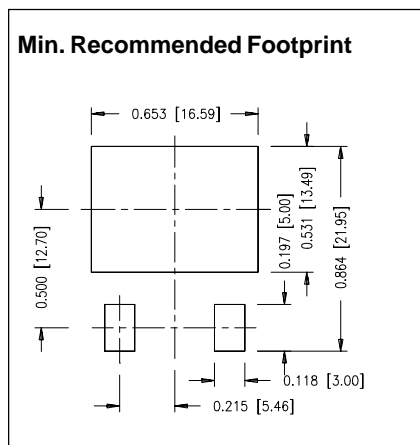
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values (T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
BV <sub>CES</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 750 μA, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V BV <sub>CES</sub> temperature coefficient	600	0.072	V %/K
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 250 μA, V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> V <sub>GE(th)</sub> temperature coefficient	2.5	-0.286	V %/K
I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 0.8 • V <sub>CES</sub> V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V			T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C 500 μA 3 mA
I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>GE</sub> = ±20 V			±100 nA
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = I <sub>C110</sub> , V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V			1.8 V
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = I <sub>C110</sub> , V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V			T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C 2.0 V

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
$g_{fs}$	$I_C = I_{C110}$ ; $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ , Pulse test, $t \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle $\leq 2\%$		25	S
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		2710	pF
$C_{oes}$			240	pF
$C_{res}$			50	pF
$Q_g$	$I_C = I_{C110}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.5 V_{CES}$		110	150 nC
$Q_{ge}$			22	35 nC
$Q_{gc}$			40	75 nC
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = I_{C110}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $L = 100\ \mu\text{H}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.8 V_{CES}$ , $R_G = R_{off} = 4.7\ \Omega$ Remarks: Switching times may increase for $V_{CE}$ (Clamp) $> 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$ , higher $T_J$ or increased $R_G$		25	ns
$t_{ri}$			30	ns
$t_{d(off)}$			130	220 ns
$t_{fi}$			100	190 ns
$E_{off}$			1.0	2.0 mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = I_{C110}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $L = 100\ \mu\text{H}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.8 V_{CES}$ , $R_G = R_{off} = 4.7\ \Omega$ Remarks: Switching times may increase for $V_{CE}$ (Clamp) $> 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$ , higher $T_J$ or increased $R_G$		25	ns
$t_{ri}$			35	ns
$E_{on}$			1	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			200	ns
$t_{fi}$			230	ns
$E_{off}$		2.5	mJ	
$R_{thJC}$				0.62 K/W
$R_{thCK}$			0.25	K/W

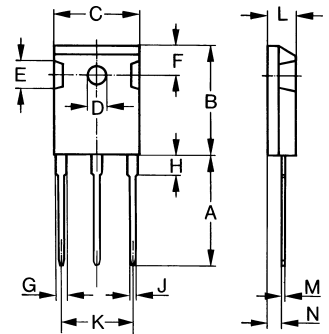
### Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
$V_F$	$I_F = I_{C110}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ , Pulse test, $t \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle $d \leq 2\%$			1.6 V
$I_{RM}$	$I_F = I_{C110}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ , $-di_F/dt = 240\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 360\text{ V}$		10	15 A
$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$ ; $-di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ; $V_R = 30\text{ V}$		35	50 ns
$R_{thJC}$				1 K/W

### Min. Recommended Footprint

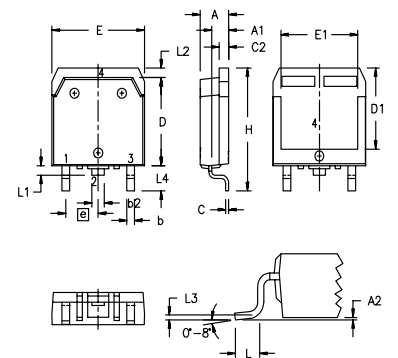


### TO-247 AD (IXGH) Outline



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	19.81	20.32	0.780	0.800
B	20.80	21.46	0.819	0.845
C	15.75	16.26	0.610	0.640
D	3.55	3.65	0.140	0.144
E	4.32	5.49	0.170	0.216
F	5.4	6.2	0.212	0.244
G	1.65	2.13	0.065	0.084
H	-	4.5	-	0.177
J	1.0	1.4	0.040	0.055
K	10.8	11.0	0.426	0.433
L	4.7	5.3	0.185	0.209
M	0.4	0.8	0.016	0.031
N	1.5	2.49	0.087	0.102

### TO-268AA (D<sup>3</sup> PAK)



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.9	5.1	.193	.201
A <sub>1</sub>	2.7	2.9	.106	.114
A <sub>2</sub>	.02	.25	.001	.010
b	1.15	1.45	.045	.057
b <sub>2</sub>	1.9	2.1	.75	.83
C	.4	.65	.016	.026
D	13.80	14.00	.543	.551
E	15.85	16.05	.624	.632
E <sub>1</sub>	13.3	13.6	.524	.535
e	5.45 BSC		.215 BSC	
H	18.70	19.10	.736	.752
L	2.40	2.70	.094	.106
L <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.40	.047	.055
L <sub>2</sub>	1.00	1.15	.039	.045
L <sub>3</sub>	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC	
L <sub>4</sub>	3.80	4.10	.150	.161

Fig. 1. Saturation Voltage Characteristics

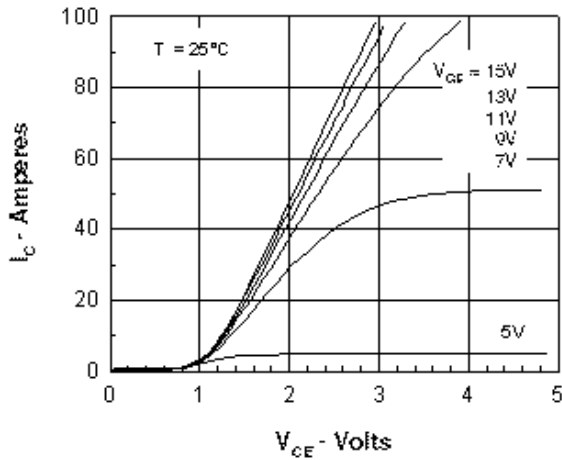


Fig. 3. Saturation Voltage Characteristics

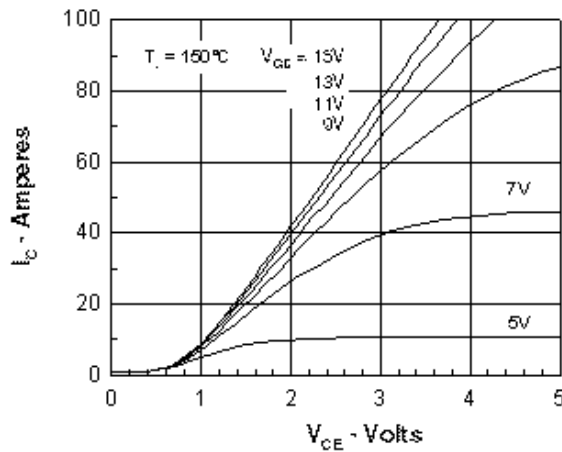


Fig. 5. Admittance Curves

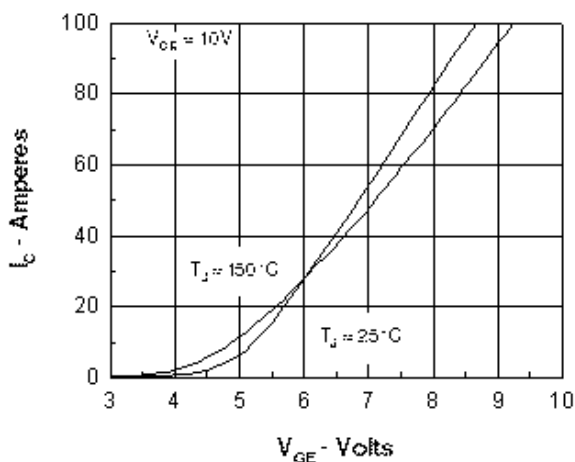


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics

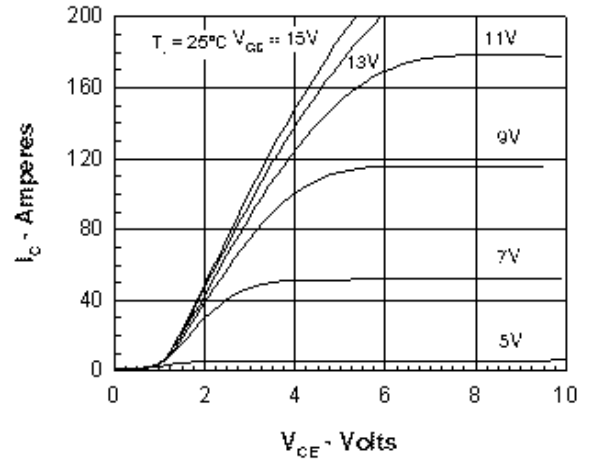


Fig. 4. Temperature Dependence of  $V_{CE(sat)}$

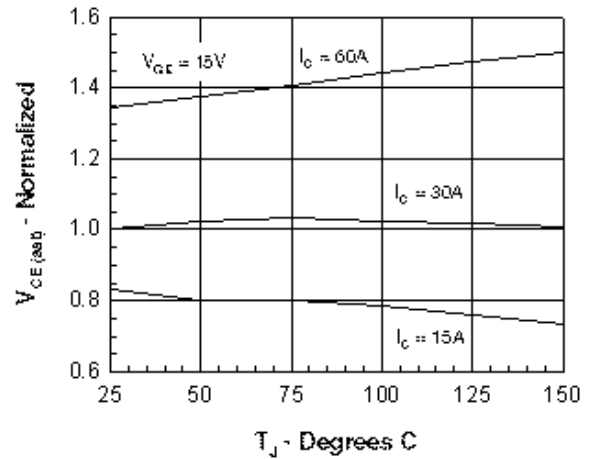


Fig. 6. Temperature Dependence of  $BV_{DSS}$  &  $V_{GE(th)}$

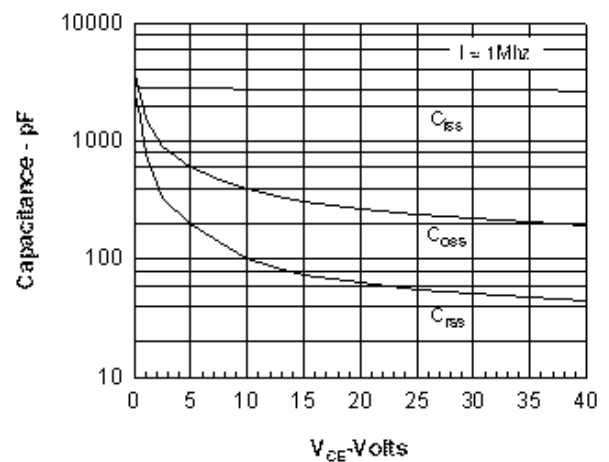


Fig. 7. Dependence of  $E_{OFF}$  and  $E_{ON}$  on  $I_C$ .

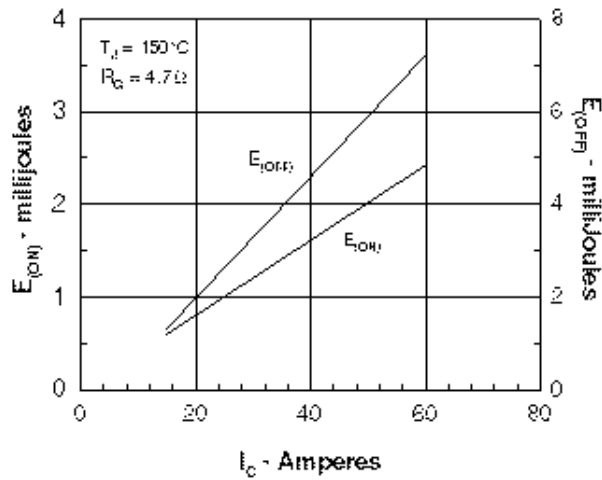


Fig. 9. Gate Charge

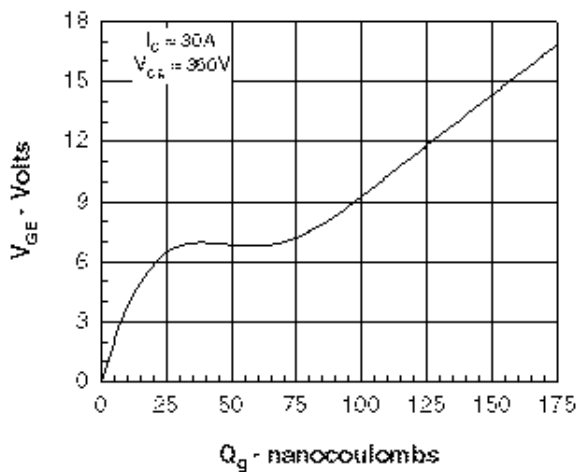


Fig. 11. IGBT Transient Thermal Resistance

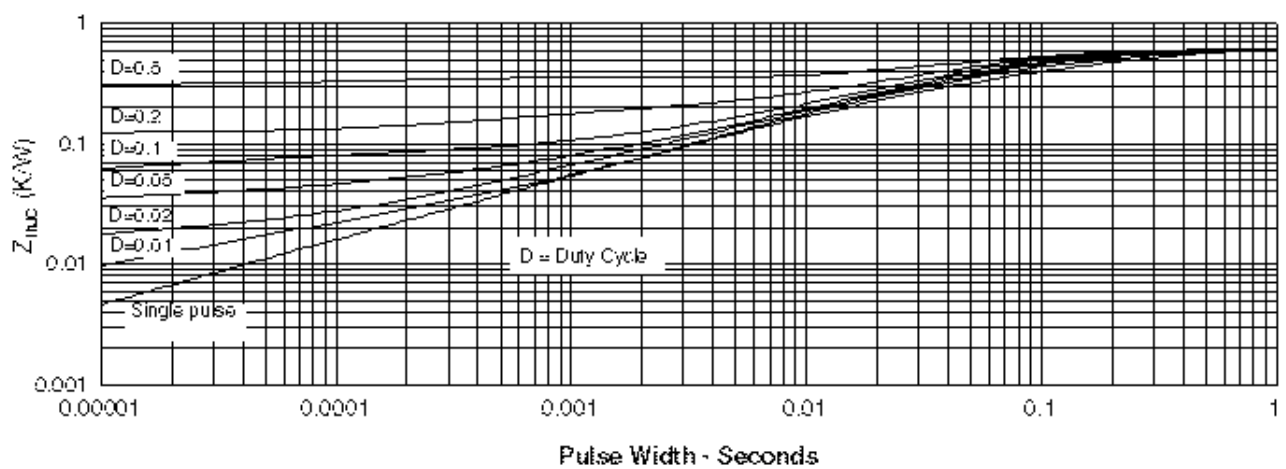


Fig. 8. Dependence of  $E_{OFF}$  on  $R_G$ .

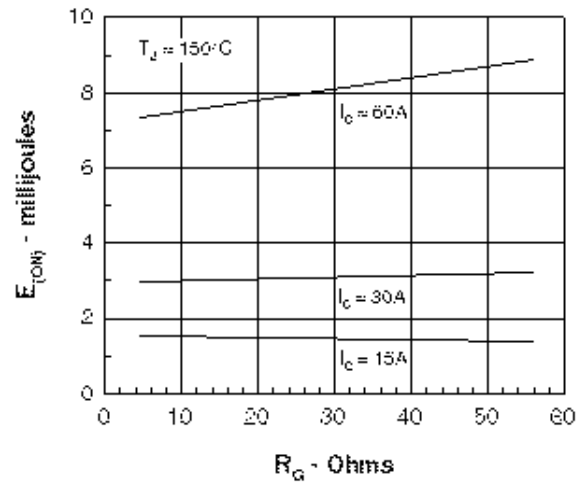


Fig. 10. Turn-off Safe Operating Area

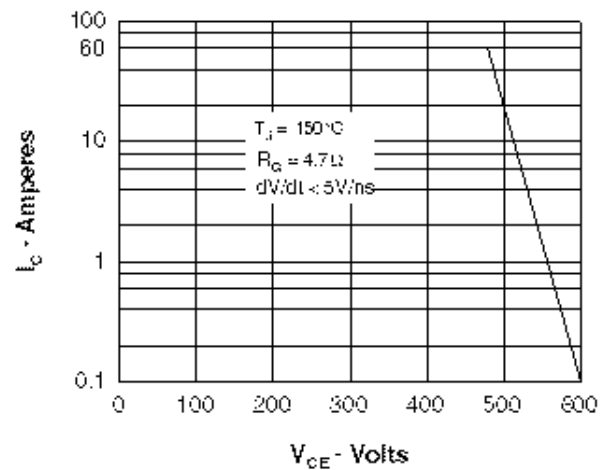


Fig. 12. Forward current versus voltage drop.

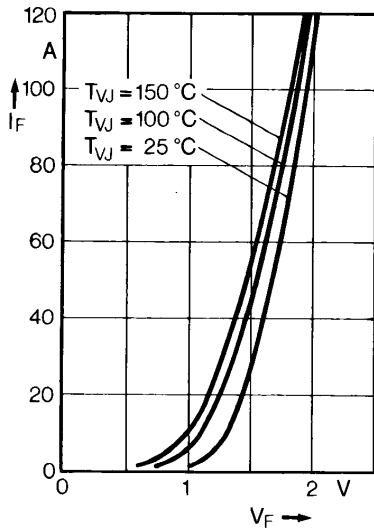


Fig. 15. Dynamic parameters versus junction temperature.

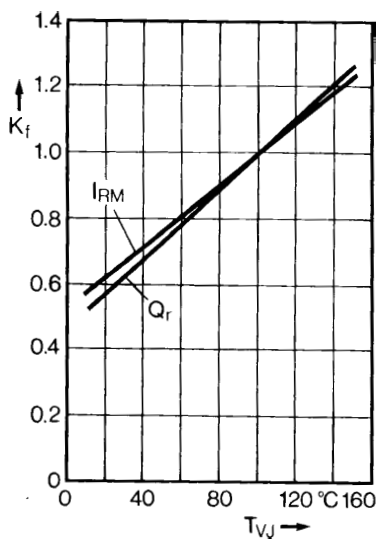


Fig. 18. Transient thermal resistance junction to case.

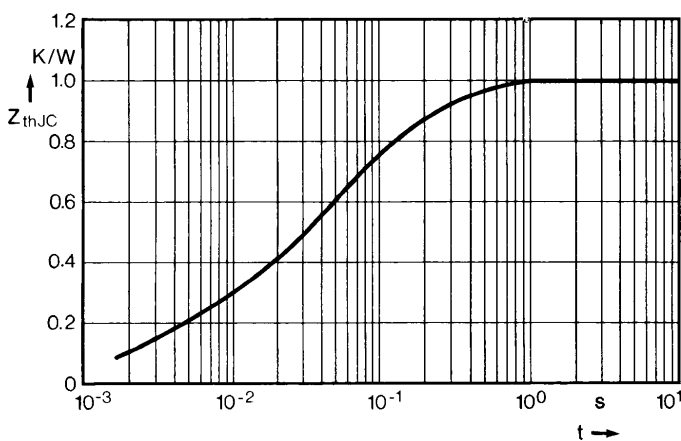


Fig. 13. Recovery charge versus  $-di_F/dt$ .

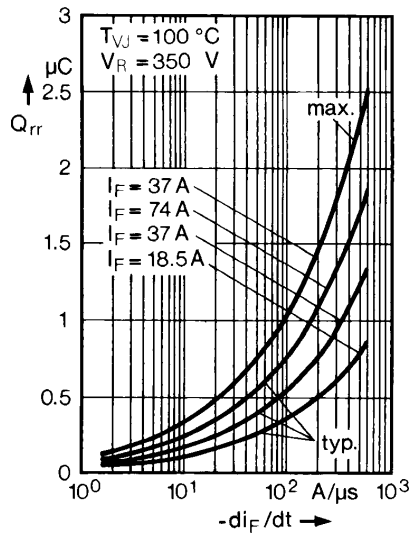


Fig. 16. Reverse recovery time vs  $-di_F/dt$ .

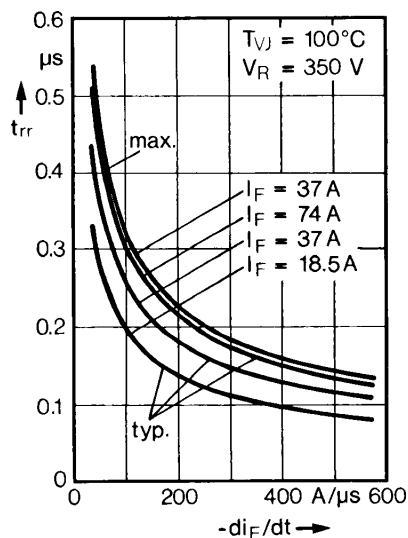


Fig. 14. Peak reverse current versus  $-di_F/dt$ .

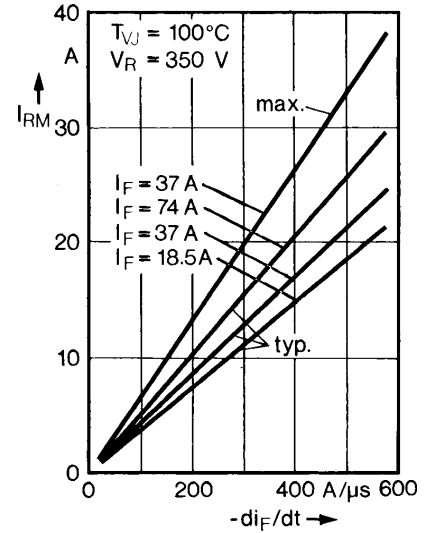


Fig. 17. Forward voltage recovery and time versus  $-di_F/dt$ .

